B2

Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into each blank.

Turkey's government is let	ting some schools tea	ich Kurdish. Only two de	cades ago speaking
Kurdish in public was a crir	me, but now the gove	rnment is easing its (1)	
(RES	TRICT) on the languag	ge of the Kurds. The Tur	kish Prime Minister
Erdogan has stated that th	is is a (2)	(HISTORY) step	o for Turkey's
largest minority group. The			
the south-eastern part of t	he country. But many	have gone to Istanbul a	and other cities in
search of (3)	(EMPLOY)	and a better life.	
Kurds have been fighting f	or more rights and a	certain degree of autono	omy in Turkey. In
the last decades thousand	s of people have beer	ո killed in (4)	(HOSTILE)
between the Turkish gover	nment and the Kurdi	sh rebel group PKK.	
For a long time Turkey has	outlawed Kurdish be	cause government (5) _	
(OFFICE) are afraid that it	would separate the co	ountry and (6)	(STRONG)
the PKK. In the latest state	ment Erdogan said th	at if a school has enoug	h students who
want to take Kurdish as an	(7)	(ELECT) subject a	school is allowed to
offer lessons. The Turkish			
to the Kurdish problem car	nnot be achieved thro	ough violence alone. Kur	dish language and
culture is spreading (9)		(INCREASE) in Turkey, I	raq and Syria.
For Kurdish (10)	(ACTIVE) t	he proposed measures	do not go far
enough. They demand the	right to educate stud	ents in Kurdish in all sub	ojects. The
European Union has (11) _		(REPEAT) put (12)	
(PRESS) on Turkey to pass	better laws for Kurdis	sh citizens. It says that if	Turkey wants to
become a full member of t	he FU minority rights	must he granted	

KEY

Turkey's government is letting some schools teach Kurdish. Only two decades ago speaking Kurdish in public was a crime, but now the government is easing its (1) restriction (RESTRICT) on the language of the Kurds. The Turkish Prime Minister Erdogan has stated that this is a (2) historic (HISTORY) step for Turkey's largest minority group. The Kurds form about 20% of the country's population, mainly in the south-eastern part of the country. But many have gone to Istanbul and other cities in search of (3) employment (EMPLOY) and a better life.

Kurds have been fighting for more rights and a certain degree of autonomy in Turkey. In the last decades thousands of people have been killed in **(4) hostilities (HOSTILE)** between the Turkish government and the Kurdish rebel group PKK.

For a long time Turkey has outlawed Kurdish because government (5) officials (OFFICE) are afraid that it would separate the country and (6) strengthen (STRONG) the PKK. In the latest statement Erdogan said that if a school has enough students who want to take Kurdish as an (7) elective (ELECT) subject a school is allowed to offer lessons. The Turkish government has found out that a (8) solution (SOLVE) to the Kurdish problem cannot be achieved through violence alone. Kurdish language and culture is spreading (9) increasingly (INCREASE) in Turkey, Iraq and Syria.

For Kurdish (10) activists (ACTIVE) the proposed measures do not go far enough. They demand the right to educate students in Kurdish in all subjects. The European Union has (11) repeatedly (REPEAT) put (12) pressure (PRESS) on Turkey to pass better laws for Kurdish citizens. It says that if Turkey wants to become a full member of the EU minority rights must be granted.